

(a) Covers (through payments or arrangements with providers) services for recipients in exchange for a premium or subscription charge paid; and

(b) Assumes risk for the costs of services it covers.

Health maintenance organization (HMO) means a public or private organization organized under State law that—

(a) Is a federally qualified HMO; or

(b) Meets the State plan's definition of an HMO.

Nonrisk means that the contractor is not at financial risk for changes in the cost or utilization of services provided for in the payment rate agreed upon at the beginning of the contract period. Under a nonrisk contract, the State agency may make retroactive adjustment during and at the end of the contract period so that the contractor is reimbursed for costs actually incurred, subject to the upper limit of payment established in § 447.362 of this chapter, or any lower limit specified in the contract.

Prepaid health plan (PHP) means an entity that provides medical services to enrolled recipients, under contract with the Medical agency and on the basis of prepaid capitation fees, but is not subject to requirements in section 1903(m)(2)(A) of the Act.

Private nonmedical institution means an institution (such as a child-care facility or a maternity home) that—

(a) Is not, as a matter of regular business, a health insuring organization or a community health care center;

(b) Provides medical care to its residents through contracts or other arrangements with medical providers; and

(c) Receives capitation payments from the Medicaid agency, under a nonrisk contract, for its residents who are eligible for Medicaid.

Professional management service or consultant firm means a firm that performs management services such as auditing or staff training, or carries out studies or provides consultation aimed at improving State Medicaid operations, for example, with respect to reimbursement formulas or accounting systems.

Provisional status HMO means an HMO that the State agency has determined is a provisional status Federally

qualified HMO because more than 90 days have elapsed since the HMO applied to the PHS for Federal qualification and the PHS has not made a final determination. The provisional status continues until the PHS makes the final determination or the contract with the Medicaid agency is terminated, whichever occurs first.

Risk or underwriting risk means the possibility that a contractor may incur a loss because the cost of providing services may exceed the payments made by the agency to the contractor for services covered under the contract.

[48 FR 54020, Nov. 30, 1983; 48 FR 55128, Dec. 9, 1983, as amended at 52 FR 22322, June 11, 1987; 55 FR 51295, Dec. 13, 1990]

§ 434.4 State plan requirement.

If the State plan provides for contracts of the types covered by this part, the plan must also provide for meeting the applicable requirements of this part.

§ 434.6 General requirements for all contracts and subcontracts.

(a) *Contracts.* All contracts under this part must—

(1) Include provisions that define a sound and complete procurement contract, as required by 45 CFR part 74, appendix G;

(2) Identify the population covered by the contract;

(3) Specify any procedures for enrollment or reenrollment of the covered population;

(4) Specify the amount, duration, and scope of medical services to be provided or paid for;

(5) Provide that the agency and HHS may evaluate through inspection or other means, the quality, appropriateness and timeliness of services performed under the contract;

(6) Specify procedures and criteria for terminating the contract, including a requirement that the contractor promptly supply all information necessary for the reimbursement of any outstanding Medicaid claims;

(7) Provide that the contractor maintains an appropriate record system for services to enrolled recipients;

(8) Provide that the contractor safeguards information about recipients as